**Subject:** 548-552 Pacific Highway, St Leonards

**Record No:** DA16/158-01 - 34262/17

**Division:** Environmental Services Division

Author(s): Diep Hang

	548-552 Pacific Highway St Leonards		
Property:	548-550 Pacific Highway	Lot 1 DP200301	
	552 Pacific Highway	Lot 2 DP200301	
DA No:	DA158/2016	DA158/2016	
Date Lodged:	12 September 2016	12 September 2016	
Cost of Work:	\$24,944,502		
Capital Investment	\$22,676,820 (excludes GST)		
Value (CIV):	\$22,070,020 (excludes GST)		
Owner:	Magnificent Investments Pty Ltd		
Applicant:	David Litkouhi c/- MD&A Architects Australia Pty Ltd		

Description of the proposal to appear on determination	Demolition of existing commercial premises and construction of a fourteen (14) level Hotel comprising of 194 rooms with basement car parking
Zone	B3 Commercial Core
Is the proposal permissible within the zone	Yes
Is the property a heritage item	No
Is the property within a conservation area	No
Is the property adjacent to bushland	No
BCA Classification	Class 3, 6 and 7a
Stop the Clock used	No
Notification	Neighbours See Notification list on the DA file Ward Councillors – All Councillors Progress Association – St Leonards-Wollstonecraft Residents Association Others - North Sydney Council

### REASON FOR REFERRAL TO THE SYDNEY NORTH PLANNING PANEL:

This application has been referred to the Sydney North Planning Panel as per Schedule 4A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, as the proposed development has a capital investment value of greater than \$20 million.

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:**

The subject site is a regular shaped allotment with a total area of 594.4m². The site is located on the southern side of Pacific Highway. The site has a gradual slope of 1.6m to 1.9m from Pacific Highway to Christie Lane.

The proposal seeks to vary the permissible building height and floor space ratio as stipulated by Clauses 4.3 and 4.4 respectively, pursuant to Lane Cove Local Environmental Plan (LEP) 2009.

The proposed development is contrary to the desired character envisaged for the St Leonards Christie Precinct, and as such inconsistent with site specific requirements outlined in Council's Development Control Plan (DCP) 2009.

In accordance with Council's notification procedures contained in DCP 2009, the proposal was notified for a period of 14 days between 14 September 2016 and 28 September 2016. During the notification period, eight (8) submissions were received. The primary concerns raised in the submissions include the following:

- Suitability of the development for the site;
- Excessive height of the building;
- Compatibility of the proposal with surrounding buildings and impacts on the streetscape as viewed from Pacific Highway;
- Increased traffic generation on Pacific Highway and surrounding road networks as a result of the proposed development;
- The redevelopment of the site as a hotel is contrary to Council's DCP site specific locality requirements for the precinct, the desired future character of St Leonards and the exhibited Planning Proposal for the St Leonards Plaza Precinct (Winten Site);
- Acoustic and visual privacy;
- Impacts during construction;
- Shadow impacts;
- Isolation of No. 546 Pacific Highway; and
- Vehicular access is proposed from Christie Lane which is to be closed in the future and changed to pedestrian access only.

The application is recommended for *REFUSAL* for a range of reasons including:

- Isolation of the adjoining property to the east, No. 546 Pacific Highway;
- The proposal is unable to achieve adequate vehicular access;
- The proposed development is contrary to the objectives and provisions within the St Leonards Precinct and desired future character of St Leonards;
- Failure to submit a Clause 4.6 written submission to vary the maximum floor space ratio permitted; and
- The proposal seeks variations to both the maximum building height and floor space ratio development standard which would not result in a better planning outcome.

#### SITE

Property	Lot Nos. 1 & 2 in DP200301
Area	594.4 m² (As per Survey Plan & Deposited Plan)
Site location	The site is located on the southern side of the Pacific Highway between Christie Street to the east and Lithgow Street to the west, in the St Leonards Commercial locality.
	The rear boundary of the site adjoins Christie Lane which provides vehicular

	access to the subject premises.	
	The existing development on the site includes both single and two storey buildings that provide commercial office accommodation and shop front retail space to Pacific Highway.	
Existing improvements	There is rear vehicular access to the two storey building sections that provides four off street car parking spaces within the existing building footprints.	
	The buildings that are proposed for demolition to allow for development are older style masonry retail and commercial buildings with flat and skillion roof designs.	
Shape	Rectangular	
Dimensions	Width 20.155m Front (North) 20.12m Rear (South)	
סוווופוופווסוווס	Depth 29.195m (West side) 30.365m (East side)	
Adjoining properties/and uses	East - Retail at ground floor commercial/residential first floor West - Commercial at ground and first floor North - Pacific Highway South - Christie Lane	



Figure 1 – Aerial image of subject site (NearMap 6 May 2017)



Figure 2 – Site photo of subject site – Pacific Highway frontage (highlighted in white)



Figure 3 – Site photo of subject site from Christie Lane (highlighted in red)

#### PREVIOUS APPROVALS/HISTORY

CDC 16/2193 (Council's	Office partition and fit-out of an existing commercial tenancy on
Ref. CDC16/33)	Level 1 (548-550 Pacific Highway, St Leonards)
1 February 2016	
DA 264/10	Change in use from retail premises to restaurant (44 seats) and
15 December 2010	take away shop at 548-550 Pacific Highway, St Leonards.

#### **PROPOSAL**

The application proposes the demolition of the existing two (2) commercial buildings to enable the construction of a fourteen (14) storey commercial development above the Pacific Highway Street level with 4 levels of basement car parking.

The proposed development fronts the Pacific Highway with vehicular access to be obtained from Christie Lane at the rear.

The building would include lobby and reception area for the hotel at the Pacific Highway frontage that would also include a recessed entrance area.

The hotel comprises of 194 guest rooms of which 8 are accessible.

Levels 1 to 4 (inclusive) contains 17 rooms at each level, and Levels 5 to 13 (inclusive) would contain 14 rooms at each level.

The roof top area would allow for a terraced area with a pool and landscape plantings along the southern half of the roof.

The car parking areas at each basement level propose security access gates that can be used for access if a future development occurs at the adjoining property being No. 546 Pacific Highway that also has a secondary frontage with Christie Street.

The car parking proposed is for 48 spaces of which 11 would be accessible.

There is a guest drop off (vehicle space) proposed at the rear of the ground floor area that also includes 3 short term spaces, one suitable for a small bus type vehicle, and 14 bicycle spaces.

The design of the building is stepped back from the street frontage at the 6<sup>th</sup> floor level and provides an awning structure over the front entry way protruding above the public footpath at the Pacific Highway frontage and ground floor level. Planting is indicated above the awning.

The front elevation includes awning type structure above each floor level that extends over the street frontage below the 6<sup>th</sup> floor level.

The design of the building includes a recessed section on the western and eastern side for the full height of the accommodation section of the building that would enable rooms in the centre of the building to have access to natural light on both the north and south side of the building.

The architectural plans indicate a possible concept building footprint and envelope for future development on the adjoining property to the east being No. 546 Pacific Highway.

There is no indication of a concept building outline or foot print for the property adjoining the site to the west.

### THE PROVISIONS OF ANY ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING INSTRUMENT (Section 79(C)(1)(a)(i))

### **Local Environmental Plan 2009**

The following LEP controls are relevant to the site:

LEP	Control	Proposed	Complies
Clause 2.2 – Zoning	B3 Commercial Core	Hotel accommodation	Yes – Permissible with development consent.
Clause 4.3 – Height of Buildings (maximum)	45m	48.84 m  Exceeds max. height by 3.84m which represents a variation of 8.53%	No - Clause 4.6 Submission provided with application for variation to the building height.
Clause 4.4 – Floor Space Ratio	Site Area: 548-550 Pacific HWY – 297.2m² 552 Pacific HWY – 297.2m²  Total site area = 594.4m² (As per DP and submitted Survey Plan)  Max. FSR = 10.1:1 (max. 6,003.44m²)	Total GFA = 6,070.3m <sup>2</sup> FSR = 10.21:1  Exceeds the max. FSR by 66.87m <sup>2</sup> , which represents a variation of 1.1%  The total GFA of the building is agreed to be 6,070.3m <sup>2</sup> .  The Applicant has outlined that the FSR complies as a total site area of 602m <sup>2</sup> was utilised to calculate the FSR. This area does not correspond with the total site area identified on the submitted DP and Survey Plan, which is 594.4m <sup>2</sup> .	No - A written request pursuant to Clause 4.6(3) has not been submitted to vary FSR.
Clause 4.6 Exceptions to development standards	A written request is required to be prepared in accordance with Clause 4.6 of LEP 2009 to vary any development standard, for Council's consideration.	The application seeks approval to vary Clause 4.3 (Height of Buildings), Clause 4.4 (Floor Space Ratio).  A written request to vary Clause 4.4 has not been submitted.	Yes – Written request submitted to seek variation to building height.  No - A written request has not been submitted to seek variation to FSR.
Clause 5.6 Architectural roof features	To facilitate innovative design without significant impact on local amenity.	An architectural roof feature is not proposed.	N/A
Clause 6.1 – Acid	Ensure that development	Council's LEP maps do	N/A

LEP	Control	Proposed	Complies
Sulfate Soils	does not disturb, expose or drain acid sulphate soils	not indentify the subject site to be impacted by	
	and cause environmental	Acid Sulfate Soils.	
	damage.	Acid Guilate Golis.	
	Ensure that earthworks for	The extent of excavation is	
	which development	indicated to intersect with	
	consent is required would	groundwater in	No – An aquifer
	not have a detrimental	accordance with the	interference
Clause 6.1A -	impact on environmental	submitted Geotechnical	approval from
Earthworks	functions and processes,	Report and requires an	DPI (Water) has
	neighbouring uses,	aquifer interference	not been
	cultural or heritage items	approval from the	obtained.
	or features of the	Department of Primary	
	surrounding land.	Industries (Water).	

#### **EXCEPTIONS TO DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS WITHIN LANE COVE LEP 2009**

### Objectives of Clause 4.6 of LCLEP 2009

- (1) The objectives of this clause are as follows:
  - (a) to provide an appropriate degree of flexibility in applying certain development standards to particular development,
  - (b) to achieve better outcomes for and from development by allowing flexibility in particular circumstances.

A written request under the provisions of Clause 4.6 of LCLEP 2009 was lodged as the proposed development seeks a variation to the following development standard:

#### Clause 4.3 Height of Buildings

The proposal is non-compliant with Clause 4.3 - Height of Buildings that stipulates that the height of a building is not to exceed 45m on the subject site. The proposal provides a maximum building height of 48.84m.

It is noted that the majority of the eight (8) southern rooms located on Level 13, six (6) northern rooms located on Level 13, and the entire roof terrace exceeds the building height requirement by 3.84m.

The maximum building height of the proposed development represents a variation of 8.53% to the development standard.

The extent of the building height variation is shown in Figures 4 and 5 below.

The Applicant's Variation Request to Building Height is located at Annexure B of the accompanying Statement of Environmental Effects.

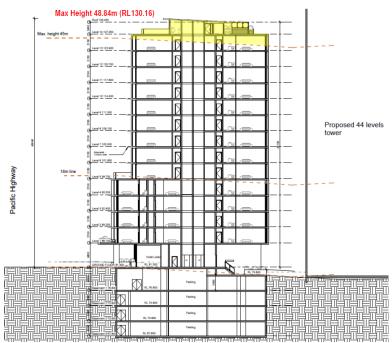


Figure 4 – Section (A) showing extent of height variation highlighted in yellow (extracted from Applicant's Clause 4.6 submission of SEE)



Figure 5 – Section (B) showing extent of height variation highlighted in yellow (extracted from Applicant's Clause 4.6 submission of SEE)

### Assessment of the exception under Clause 4.6:

In assessing an exception to vary a development standard, the following needs to be considered:

### 1. Is the planning control a development standard?

Yes, Clause 4.3 – Height of Buildings is a development standard.

### 2. What is the underlying object or purpose of the standard?

The purpose of Clause 4.3 is to ensure that transition in built form and land use intensity of the development is suitable with regard to the area of the site and the type of development proposed.

### 3. Is compliance with the development standard unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case?

Preston CJ, in Wehbe v Pittwater Council [2007] NSWLEC 827, stated that "the rationale is that development standards are not ends in themselves but means of achieving ends. The ends are environmental or planning objectives. Compliance with a development standard is fixed as the usual means by which the relevant environmental or planning objective is able to be achieved. However, if the proposed development proffers an alternative means of achieving the objective, strict compliance with the standard would be unnecessary (it is achieved anyway) and unreasonable (no purpose would be served)."

Compliance with the development standard is not considered to be unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the subject proposal. Variation sought to the building height development standard provides the proposal with an additional 14 rooms on Level 13, and roof top terrace located on Level 14. The proposed development achieves the maximum FSR permitted for the site by exceeding the building height in this manner.

In addition, Preston CJ, in Wehbe v Pittwater Council [2007] NSWLEC 827, established a number of ways of determining whether compliance with a development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case. The most common approach is to establish that compliance with the objectives of the control is achieved notwithstanding non-compliance with the particular standard.

In accordance with Clause 4.6(4)(a)(ii) of LCLEP 2009, the consent authority must be satisfied that "the proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the particular standard and the objectives for development within the zone in which the development is proposed to be carried out".

#### Objectives of the particular standard

The objectives of Clause 4.3 Height of Buildings are as follows:

#### 4.3 Height of buildings

- (1) The objectives of this clause are as follows:
  - (a) to minimise any overshadowing, loss of privacy and visual impacts of development on neighbouring properties, particularly where zones meet, and
  - (b) to maximise sunlight for the public domain, and

(c) to relate development to topography.

### Overshadowing

With respect to overshadowing, the applicant has outlined that "overshadowing resulting from the increased height of 3.84m is considered to be negligible and will not give rise to any material increase in shadow impacts beyond that reasonably expected as part of redevelopment of the site".

Shadow diagrams of a building with a compliant height of 45m have not been provided to substantiate that the increased height would have negligible overshadowing impacts on adjoining properties.

### Loss of Privacy

The proposed hotel is a commercial development operating for extended hours and is not considered to adversely pose privacy or overlooking impacts on adjoining retail and commercial premises, or residences within the immediate vicinity of the site.

### Visual Impacts

The proposed development of the subject site without amalgamation with adjoining properties located on Pacific Highway is inconsistent with the Christie block plans identifying the envisioned character and redevelopment of the Christie precinct at St Leonards. The variation to the building height further exacerbates the likely segregated interface the proposal would already present to Pacific Highway, and further increases the appearance of visual bulk when viewed from Christie Lane and premises to the east and west of the site.

#### Sunlight to Public Domain

The non-compliance with the building height control would marginally increase the length of the shadows casted onto properties to the south. Shadows casted by a proposal which complies with the maximum 45m building height have not been provided to determine the extent of the impact on adjoining properties to the south. However, the shadow diagrams submitted indicate that at least 50% of the future public plaza to the west of the site would receive a minimum 2hours of sunlight between 11am and 2pm.

#### Relationship of development to topography

There is a 1.5m level difference from the Pacific Highway frontage to Christie Lane boundary of the subject site. The main hotel entry area of the proposed development provides activation of the Pacific Highway frontage. A guest drop off area is provided to rear of the site, level with Christie Lane. The finished floor levels of the main entry, hotel lobby and guest drop off area relate to the level of their respective street frontages. Notwithstanding, it is considered that the variation to the building height is to obtain an additional level of rooms, being 14 rooms on Level 13, as well as a roof terrace, which does not coincide with the objectives of the building height development standard as the departure sought is not a direct result of the proposal responding the topography of the land.

### Objectives for development within the zone

The subject site is zoned B3 Commercial Core pursuant to LCLEP 2009.

The objectives of the B3 zone are as follows:

#### Zone B3 Commercial Core

- 1 Objectives of zone
  - To provide a wide range of retail, business, office, entertainment, community and other suitable land uses that serve the needs of the local and wider community.
  - To encourage appropriate employment opportunities in accessible locations.
  - To maximise public transport patronage and encourage walking and cycling.
  - To integrate business, retail and other development in accessible locations.
  - To maximise sunlight for surrounding properties and the public domain.
  - To encourage urban design maximising attractive public domain and adequate circulation space throughout the St Leonards commercial centre for current and future users.

The proposed hotel would provide employment opportunities and accommodation for visitors to the area. The subject site is well serviced by both bus and train service, which are within walking distance from the proposal. These aspects of the proposed development are consistent with the objectives of the B3 Commercial Core zone.

The extent of overshadowing resulting from the additional height sought has not been provided as part of the proposed development. The development of only the two subject sites and no amalgamation with adjoining sites is contrary to the block plans established for the precinct.

Having regard to the above, it is considered that greater compliance with the development standard is not unreasonable or unnecessary in these circumstances. The departure sought is not considered to be modest and would result in the appearance of additional bulk when viewed from the existing streetscape, as well as provide a segregated interface with the Pacific Highway, which is inconsistent with the built form desired for the St Leonards CBD precinct.

### 4. Are there sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard?

The decision in *Four2Five Pty Ltd v Ashfield Council [2015] NSWLEC 90*, indicates that merely showing that the development standards achieves the objectives of the development standard is insufficient to justify that a development is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case for the purposes of an objection under Clause 4.6. The case also demonstrates that the requirement in Clause 4.6(3)(b) of the LEP to justify there are sufficient environmental planning grounds for the variation, requires identification of grounds particular to the circumstances of the proposed development, and not simply grounds that apply to any similar development on the site or in the vicinity.

In this regard, it is considered that there are insufficient environmental planning grounds to support variation to the building height standard as the proposal is contrary to both the objectives of the building height development standard and B3 zone, and as such

redevelopment of the site as proposed would not be in the public interest for the following reasons:

- The development seeks a number of non-compliances with the design requirements and block plans identified within the DCP.
- The development once constructed, would not be of a comparable bulk and scale
  with adjoining and nearby properties zoned B3 Commercial Core located within
  the Christie Block plans and would create a precedent for further breaches along
  this street block.
- The variation sought to the maximum 45m building height would be dissimilar to developments located within the Christie Block Precinct where higher density development is anticipated on amalgamated sites, and as such considered to be unreasonable.
- The building would not provide an appropriately scaled development that compliments the adjoining sites and developments.
- The proposal puts at risk and detracts from the achievement of useable and pleasant streets and public domain areas in terms of bulk and scale.

### 5. Is compliance with the development standard consistent with the objectives of the development standard and the relevant objectives of the land zone?

Given that the proposed development is not considered to appropriately respond to the site, and compromises relationships with adjoining development and relevant development controls, the proposal is considered to be inconsistent with the objectives of both the building height requirements and B3 Commercial Core zone.

### 6. Will strict compliance with the development standard tend to hinder the attainment of the objects specified in section 5(a)(i) and (ii) of the EPA Act?

Strict compliance with the development standards would not hinder attainment of the objectives specified in section 5(a)(i) and (ii) of the EPA Act as it would retain the social and economic welfare of the community, particularly that of neighbouring development within the subject site.

### 7. Is the exception well founded?

The proposal is considered to be inconsistent with the development standard and with the objectives of the zone. As such, the exception is not well founded and cannot be supported.

#### Clause 4.4 Floor Space Ratio

The proposal does not comply with the FSR standard, and no request has been submitted to vary the development standard in accordance with Clause 4.6(3) of the LCLEP 2009.

The maximum FSR permitted on the site as prescribed by Clause 4.4 is 10.1:1.

The total GFA of the proposal is 6,070.3m<sup>2</sup>.

The Applicant has outlined that the FSR of the proposed development complies as a total site area of 602m² was utilised to calculate the FSR. This site area does not correspond with the total site area identified on the submitted DP and Survey Plan, which is 594.4m².

Applicant's total FSR calculations based on a site area of 602m<sup>2</sup>: FSR = 6,070.3m<sup>2</sup>/602m<sup>2</sup> = 10.08:1

Council officer's total FSR calculations based on a site area of 594.4m² (as per DP & Survey Plan): FSR = 6,070.3m²/594.4m² = 10.21:1

Based on a total site area of 594.4m<sup>2</sup>, the proposed development exceeds the maximum FSR permitted by 66.87m<sup>2</sup>. This represents a variation of 1.1% to the FSR development standard.

Development consent cannot be granted for the proposal as it would contravene the FSR development standard – Clause 4.4 of LCLEP 2009, unless the applicant provides written request in accordance with Clause 4.6(3) of LCLEP 2009 and justifies the contravention.

Furthermore, it should be noted that the objective of Clause 4.4 is to ensure that the bulk and scale of development is compatible with the character of the locality. The variation to both the building height and FSR standards suggests that the proposed development is not harmonious with the envisioned character of the precinct.

### THE PROVISIONS OF ANY DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN Section 79(C)(1)(a)(iii)

### **Lane Cove Development Control Plan 2009**

To avoid duplication, where sections of the DCP require consideration of a similar matter, the control is not repeated.

The following DCP controls are relevant to the site:

#### Part B - General Controls

B.2 Public Domain	Proposal	Comment
The objectives for public domain are  a) To provide public space that contributes to the identity and enjoyment of an area. b) To provide street furniture, landscaping works, water features, utilities, etc that contribute to the community's enjoyment of the public domain, but does not impede pedestrian movement and safety nor visual quality. c) To provide venues for public entertainment and expression of community identity. d) To provide areas for public art that contributes to the cultural life and enjoyment of the centre, and allows for community self expression. e) To provide pedestrian surfaces that are safe for all users, clearly demarcated and constructed from materials that	The applicant has indicated that the proposal is consistent with the St Leonards Public Domain Master Plan by delivering: - improvements to the footpath pavement along the Pacific Highway frontage and improvements to Christie Lane - improved pedestrian amenity created by the weather protection of the awning and colonnade across the Pacific Highway frontage - improve safety of the public domain with lighting to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1158.1.1, passive and active surveillance to both adjoining streets - diversity of land use with operational hours extending beyond typical retail trade hours - CPTED compliant design - a landmark façade to the Pacific Highway which is distinctly different from, but integrated with, existing and likely future retail and service shop fronts	The submission has been reviewed and is considered that the requirements and works proposed adjoining the public domain and Pacific Highway frontage, the rear Christie Lane access way are acceptable and would meet with the objectives of B.2.  However, the redevelopment of the subject site is inconsistent with the desired future character of the Christie Precinct. This is discussed further within the body of this report.

B.2 Public Domain	Proposal	Comment
provide consistency and continuity of streetscape	- no detrimental impacts to the potential amenity and public utility of the future St Leonards Plaza space	

B2.2 Public Domain Projects	Proposal	Comment
St Leonards		
To achieve the desired future character for St Leonards there are a number of key public domain upgrades that are to be achieved through Voluntary Planning Agreements or Section 94 contributions	The application indicates that Council would impose appropriate conditions for the design and specification of works within the public footpath reserve of the Pacific Highway and for any contributions payable or works required	Council would impose conditions on any consent that would address the upgrading of identified public domain spaces and also apply the relevant Section 94 Contributions for Public Domain works and facilities,
	towards public domain	should development consent
	projects.	be granted.

B.3 Site Amalgamation and development on Isolated sites	Proposal	Comment
The objectives for site amalgamation and development on isolated sites are:  a) To provide for a development that achieves the required employment and dwelling yields. b) To encourage the promotion	The application proposes the amalgamation of Nos. 548 and 552 Pacific Highway that have a common side boundary.  The applicant indicates that the site is not subject to a block plan that requires amalgamation and there are no	The subject site is subject to a block plan being Block 2 - Christie Precinct.  The proposal as indicated in the submitted DA would isolate No. 546 Pacific Highway.  It is considered that the
and co-ordination of the orderly and economic use and development of land. c) To encourage site consolidation of allotments for development in order to promote the desired urban	controls for a minimum lot size or lot dimensions that would apply to the proposal.  The applicant states that the proposal does not constrain the redevelopment of	proposal would not meet the objectives of the B.3 regarding the amalgamation of sites as it would isolate the adjoining site to the east.  If the adjoining site at No. 546
design outcomes and the efficient use of land and to avoid the creation of isolated sites.  d) To encourage the development of existing isolated sites in a manner that	neighbouring sites.  The design does allow for the provision of an internal car parking connection at a future date with the neighbouring property to the east.	Pacific Highway was amalgamated with the proposal, it would enable and promote a more effective design and efficient economic outcome for the locality.
responds to the desired built form pattern, site context and maintains a satisfactory level of amenity.  Block Plans		The proposal would create an undesirable isolated site.
"Block plan" diagrams have	The applicant indicates that the	The proposal is inconsistent

B.3 Site Amalgamation and	Proposal	Comment
development on Isolated		
been inserted before exhibition of the DCP for several sections. Council emphasises that these are intended to indicate the elements which should together comprise the urban design for the area. Applicants must show a genuine attempt at site amalgamation, in accordance with the block plan.	site is not subject to a block plan that requires amalgamation and there are no controls for a minimum lot size or lot dimensions that would apply to the proposal.  The applicant has advised verbally that they have approached the owners of No. 546 Pacific Highway to purchase and amalgamate the site for redevelopment.  The applicant has advised that the owner of No. 546 Pacific Highway has declined their offer to purchase the site and amalgamated redevelopment.	with Block Diagrams, which envisions development with the adjoining property - No. 546 (isolated site), properties to the west being Nos. 554-564 Pacific Highway (inclusive), and the 'Winten site/Site A' (located south of Christie Lane).  There is no written evidence of the offer to the owners of No. 546 Pacific Highway, and decline from the owners submitted as part of this DA. As such, there has been no evidence submitted to demonstrate that a reasonable attempt has been made by the applicant to purchase No. 546 Pacific Highway.  Any offer made to the owners of No. 546 Pacific Highway.  Any offer made to the owners of No. 546 Pacific Highway requires 2 written evaluations that represent the property's potential value. The evaluations are to be undertaken by 2 independent valuers, registered with the Australian Institute of Valuers. The offer made to the owner of No. 546 Pacific Highway is to reflect and correspond with values devised from the 2 evaluations prepared at the time the offer was made, in order to be considered a reasonable and genuine offer.  In this regard, there is no written evidence submitted to demonstrate that a genuine attempt at site amalgamation, in accordance with the block plans has been carried out.  Comment
D.4 VIEW OHAITING	Γιοροσαι	Comment
The objectives for view sharing are:	The applicant indicates that there are no existing view	The development opposite the property on the northern side

B.3 Site Amalgamation and development on Isolated sites	Proposal	Comment
a) To ensure that public view corridors between buildings or along streets are retained and enhanced from streets or public spaces. b) To minimise the impact of new development on existing public and private views and vistas. c) To preserve or fairly share water views for foreshore residents.	corridors that would be obstructed as a result of the development.	of the Pacific Highway is mainly office and retail space, which also comprise residential apartments above.  Development directly adjoining the site to the east and west, are low set two storey retail and commercial developments, some of which comprise residences on the first floor.  It is considered that the proposal would not significantly obstruct existing significant view corridors.

B.6 Environmental	Proposal	Comment
Management		
6.1 Sun light to public		
spaces	The application includes	The site has a north-south
	shadow and solar provision	orientation and the maximum
The objectives for sunlight to	plans which show the shadow	permissible building height is
public spaces are:	cast at 9am, noon and 3pm, on	45m pursuant to Clause 4.3 of
a) To create public spaces with	21 <sup>st</sup> June.	Lane Cove LEP 2009.
high amenity that encourages		
visitors to linger.	Shadow impacts to the future	The proposal has a nominated
b) To ensure that there is	St Leonards Plaza is shown to	height of 48.84m, and exceeds
adequate sun access to	be limited to prior to 9am in	the development standard by
publicly accessible spaces	mid-winter and would not be	3.84m.
during winter at times of the	detrimental to the quality and	
day when the space is likely to	amenity of this open public	The non-compliance with the
have its highest use by visitors	space.	building height control would
and residents.		increase the length of the
c) To provide sufficient sunlight		shadows casted onto
access for the growth of		properties to the south.
mature landscaping.		
		Shadows casted by a proposal
Provisions		which complies with the
a) New developments must		maximum 45m building height
allow for a minimum of 2		have not been provided to
hours of solar access to at		determine the extent of the
least 50% of new and		impact on adjoining properties
existing public open areas		to the south.
or plazas between the hours		_, , , , ,
of 11am and 2pm, on 21st		The shadow diagrams
June.		submitted indicate that at least
The location of the sunlight		50% of the future public plaza
during these hours for urban		to the west of the site would
during these flours for urban		receive a minimum 2 hours of

B.6 Environmental Management	Proposal	Comment
plazas is to be adjacent to building frontages to allow for outdoor seating during the lunchtime period.		sunlight between 11am and 2pm.

6.2 Wind Standards for St Leonards	Proposal	Comment
The objectives for wind standards are:  a) To ensure that new developments satisfy nominated wind standards and maintain comfortable conditions for pedestrians. b) To ensure that the moderate breezes are able to penetrate the streets of the St Leonards centres  Provisions  a) 13metres/second along major streets and public places and 16metres/second in all other streets.	The proposal has a nominated height of 48.84m and is located within the St Leonards precinct.  The application is supported with a Pedestrian Wind Environmental Study (dated 19 August 2016) and a Pedestrian Wind Environment Statement (dated 20 July 2016), both prepared by Windtech.	Section 6 of the Report being Results and Discussion indicates the following: The wind conditions for the majority of trafficable outdoor areas associated would satisfy the target criteria without the need for ameliorative treatments.  Table 9 indicates the Wind Tunnel Results Summary and the only area that suggest treatment needs to be provided is point 12 being on the top most level of the building on the western side of the outdoor terrace area.
Design buildings to minimise the adverse wind effects on recreation facilities on podium terraces within developments.  A Wind Effects Report is to be submitted with the DA for all buildings within the St Leonards precinct taller than 40m above street level.		Should development consent be granted, conditions of consent would be imposed requiring the recommended measures outlined in the Wind Assessment achieving the nominated wind standards be implemented to the satisfaction of a qualified wind consultant prior to the issue of a Final Occupation Certificate.

6.3 Energy and Water Efficiency for buildings	Proposal	Comment
All Development:  a) Incorporate passive solar design techniques to optimise heat storage in winter and heat transfer in summer.	Louvres are provided to the northern façade to create shade to windows during summer, and assist with heat storage during winter.	The proposed building is considered to be capable of achieving satisfactory energy and water efficiency.
b) Improve the control of mechanical heating and cooling by designing systems to allow individual control of different rooms, zones or	All rooms are generally oriented to street frontages being Pacific Highway or Christie Lane. Rooms located	However, with respect to water efficiency and opportunities for rainwater capture, Council's Development Engineer has reviewed the proposed

6.3 Energy and Water Efficiency for buildings	Proposal	Comment
tenancies combined with the ability to open windows and facades for natural ventilation when climatic conditions allow. c) Orientation of building and façade design of all developments should capture and manage solar access, natural ventilation and breezes into the building. d) Provide external sun shading – vertical shading for east and west windows, and horizontal sun shading for north facing windows. e) Use high performance glass with minimal glare impacts where possible. f) The use of light wells as the primary source of daylight is prohibited for habitable rooms. Where they are proposed for other rooms or spaces, they are to have a minimum dimension of at least 6m by 12m. g) All developments are to capture and reuse rainwater for irrigation of landscape areas and for apartments, townhouses, villas, mixed use or commercial development also for toilet flushing and washing machines.  Commercial/Mixed Use: The design of any new mixed use (commercial component) or commercial building including the base building, its services and fit outs must be capable of achieving a minimum 5 star rating under the National Australian Built Environment Rating System (NABERS) Building Greenhouse Rating Scheme.	at the centre of the building provide openings facing the recessed section on the western and eastern side for the full height of the building, to obtain natural light and ventilation.  Glazing is proposed to address acoustic and glare impacts, as well as provide for thermal qualities.  A NABERS Assessment has not been provided due to the nature of the proposed use as a hotel.	stormwater plans and advises that an adequate on-site detention system designed in accordance with Part O of the DCP, are required for the proposal.

B7 Developments near Busy Roads and Rail Corridors Comment
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B7 Developments near Busy Roads and Rail Corridors	Proposal	Comment
Provide an acoustic assessment for noise sensitive developments as defined in Clauses 87 and 102 of the Infrastructure SEPP.	The subject site has frontage to a classified road, being the Pacific Highway and is located within close proximity to the St Leonards railway.  A Road Traffic Noise Assessment (Report No. nss22478, prepared by Noise and Sound Services, dated July 2016) has been submitted with the application.	Council's Environmental Health Officer has reviewed the proposal and accompanying report and outlined that supplementary information as follows is required with respect to noise: - Construction Noise Management Plan Acoustic Report to address the impact of the proposal (mechanical plant, cooling towers, refrigeration, general operational noise particularly in service areas, deliveries, waste removal and traffic) on surrounding land uses, and internal noise levels of the hotel rooms as the site is in close proximity to major rail and road corridors.

<b>B8</b>	Safety and Security	Proposal	Comments
Add	dress safety, security and		
	me prevention requirements	The design provides a	The design of the building is
	he planning and design of	reasonable level of safety and	considered acceptable with
the	development	security. In accordance with	respect to safety and security.
- \	For a compart to a to the action of the contract of the contra	Part B8, a formal crime risk	
a)	Ensure that the building	assessment has also been submitted and concludes that	
	design allows for casual surveillance of access	the proposal has low CPTED	
	ways, entries and	risk rating.	
	driveways	nok raung.	
		In addition, the proposal is	
		orientated towards both street	
		frontages being Pacific HWY	
		and Christie Lane to provide	
		passive surveillance. CCTV will	
		also be installed within the	
		lobby area and access points	
		which adjoin public spaces.	

### Part D – Commercial Development and Mixed Use

D1 General Provisions		
1.1.4 Building Depth and Bulk	Proposal	Comment
a) For commercial developments in all business zones:		Complies, while there is no min. floor plate requirement, the floor plate proposed

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9	

D1 General Provisions			
1.1.4 Building Depth and Bulk	Proposal	Comment	
i. The max. floor plate area of any commercial building is to be 2,000m <sup>2</sup> subject to other requirements in the DCP.	Max. floor plate is 496.19m <sup>2</sup>	becomes problematic when considering or proposing services and accommodating minimum standards for vehicles and the like.	
iii. The horizontal dimensions of any single building façade must not exceed 50m.	All facades have dimensions less than 50m.	Complies	
v. Use atria, light wells and courtyards to improve internal building amenity and achieve cross ventilation and/or stack effect ventilation.	The building proposes a roof garden above the Pacific Highway awning, and garden bed on Level 1 along the eastern and western boundaries which separate the northern and southern portion of the hotel.  All rooms of the hotel have windows facing Pacific HWY, Christie Lane or the internal courtyard located on Level 1 for natural sunlight and cross ventilation.	NOTE: Roof garden is proposed over the awning above the Pacific Highway footpath which is not part of the subject site. As such, the roof garden above awning would be subject to a separate approval.	

1.1.6 Setbacks	Proposal	Comment
Front – Min. 5m	Ground floor to Level 4 (inclusive) provides 0m setback to Pacific HWY.  Level 5 to 13 (inclusive) provides 4m setback to Pacific HWY to windows, 3.5m to blade walls.  Level 14 (Rooftop Terrace) – 5.5m to services roof edge 10.4m to northern wall of toilet facilities.	Non-compliances to the front setback for the ground floor to Level 13 (inclusive) are not supported as the departures contribute to the increase of the building's appearance of bulk and scale to the street and affords to solar access impacts on properties to the south of the site. Also, this CBD site would experience significant pedestrian traffic on what would be a narrow footpath.
Side – 0m for 1 <sup>st</sup> storey and 2 <sup>nd</sup> storey, 6m for 3 <sup>rd</sup> storey and above	Ground Floor and majority of proposal – Nil to eastern and western boundaries. Level 1 to 13 (inclusive) – 7.2m (west) & 6.7m (east) to external wall of central firestairs and lift	The development of the subject premises contrary to the Block Plan has resulted in non-compliances with building design controls pertaining to setbacks. The non-

1.1.6 Setbacks	Proposal	Comment
Rear – 3m for 1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup> storey, 6m for 3 <sup>rd</sup> storey and above  Laneway – 3m to allow colonnades and landscaping, 0m for 2 <sup>nd</sup> storey, 6m for 3 <sup>rd</sup> storey and above.	Rear boundary is Christie Lane. Ground Floor – 8.2m to southern wall of pick up/drop off area. Levels 1 to 13 (inclusive) – Nil to 0.5m (SE corner) Level 14 (Rooftop Terrace) – Min. 2.5m to edge of planter boxes	compliances sought are not supported as the development of the subject site would result in a fragmented and inconsistent streetscape to Pacific Highway which may also impact the functionality of pedestrian movement and activation desired within the precinct.

1.1.7 Building Design and Exteriors	Proposal	Comment
b) Materials, colours, finishes, proportion and scale of new development should add interest to facades	The design of the building features a variety of materials, colours and finishes to articulate the buildings' facades.	The design and exterior of the building has taken into consideration the provisions outlined in 1.1.7.
and the streetscape. c) Avoid large unbroken expanses of blank wall on any façade adjacent to the public domain.	The building has blank walls along the eastern and western elevations.	Notwithstanding this, the proposed development of only the two subject premises is contrary to the Christie block plan and results in a
d) Provide flexible building layouts and floor to ceiling heights which allow variable tenancies or uses on the first floor	The proposal has been designed specifically for use as a hotel and does not include, or propose flexible uses on the first floor.	segregated interface and streetscape along Pacific Highway.  The proposal does not meet
of a building above the ground floor.	The roof plant is setback from	the objectives for building design and exteriors in that the
e) The design of the roof plant rooms and lift overruns to be integrated into the	the Pacific Highway frontage and side boundaries. The lift is centrally located.	development would not achieve and present a cohesive streetscape to Pacific Highway.
overall architecture of the building.	Hotel rooms do not incorporate balconies or terraces. The	
f) Balconies and terraces should be provided, particularly where buildings overlook public open spaces. They should be avoided where they overlook the private open spaces and severely impact the privacy of the adjoining residential properties.	rooftop terrace includes landscaping along the boundaries and not considered to overlook private open spaces or nearby residences.	
g) Gardens on the top of setback areas of		

buildings are

encouraged.		
1.2 Excavation	Proposal	Comment
a) All development is to relate to the existing topography of the land at the time of adoption of this DCP.	The footprint of the proposed development is over the entire site coverage.  The ground floor and lobby	The extent of excavation is contained within the footprint of the building.  However, the supporting
b) Excavation for major development is to be contained within the footprint of the development.	area has been designed to be level with the Pacific Highway footpath frontage.  To the rear of the site, there is	Geotechnical Report submitted with the proposal indicates that the proposed excavation required for the basement levels would intersect
c) For development within Centres, Council may consider full site coverage for	a 1.5m level difference to Christie Lane and the hotel lobby level. The guest drop-off	As the extent of excavation
underground excavation and podium footprints where it is demonstrated that mature landscaping, landscaped area	and short stay parking has been provided to be level with Christie Lane.	proposed to accommodate the on-site car parking for the development would intersect groundwater, an aquifer
and rainwater retention is able to be provided as roof terraces on podium structures.	A Geotechnical Report has been submitted with the DA.  The Geotechnical Report	interference activity approval is required to be obtained from the Department of Primaries Industries (Water).
d) Uses at ground level are to respond to the slope of the street by stepping frontages and entries to follow the slope.	(Project No. 2016-109, prepared by Crozier Geotechnical Consultants, dated 16/6/16) outlines that "the proposed excavation is expected to intersect ground water in the form of seepage below approximately 3.0m to 5.0m depth and may intersect a significant volume near the base of the proposed excavation It is recommended that groundwater wells be installed as part of additional geotechnical investigation with monitoring of	The information requirements for such an authorisation are explicitly detailed in the <i>NSW Aquifer Interference Policy</i> – including the need to provide a thorough hydrogeological assessment of the predicted impacts of the proposed development and calculations of the volumes likely to be extracted.  This information has not
	site groundwater levels over a minimum 6 month period. It is understood that nearby large basements extend to similar depths as the proposed development (St Leonards Forum) and therefore groundwater drawdown impacts may already be apparent in the vicinity of the site". (Page 6 of Geotech Report)	been provided.
1.3 Design and Location of on-site Parking	Proposal	Comment
a) Parking of vehicles is prohibited in setback areas.	Basement parking provided via Christie Lane.	The Christie Block Plan indicates that Christie Lane
	•	

1.2 Excavation	Proposal	Comment
b) All developments must incorporate the required car parking on site.  c) All on-site parking, loading facilities and vehicle access points must be: i. Accessed from a rear lane wherever available. ii. Fully concealed from view from any public street or arcade. iii. Accessible from only one opening in the rear lane façade for both on-site parking and loading. Access openings are to be fitted with a garage door or roller shutter.  d) For developments with a rear lane façade width with less than 12m, this opening must not be wider than 3m.  e) For developments with a rear lane façade width equal or greater than 12m, this opening must not be wider than 6m.  f) Vehicle entry should be: i. Easily accessible and recognisable to motorists. ii. Located to minimise traffic hazards and queuing of vehicles on public roads. iii. Located to minimise the loss of on street car parking and to minimise the number of access points. iv. Located away from main pedestrian entries and on secondary frontages. v. Located having regard to any approved cycling routes.  g) Avoid black holes in the façade for major developments by providing security doors to car park entries. h) Return the façade material	Three (3) short stay parking spaces are proposed within the rear setback, including one short stay space for a small bus/Toyota coaster.  Service/delivery areas have not been provided for the development.  The site has a frontage of greater than 12m along Christie Lane.  One opening is provided to the basement.  A garage door/security grill is provided at the basement entry.  The opening is 6m in width.  The basement entry is located away from the pedestrian pick up/drop off area provided along the eastern boundary.  The vehicle entry to the basement is from Christie Lane and easily identified to motorists.  The site slopes to the rear of the site which results in minor portions of the basement being located above NGL. The protrusion of the basement does not project greater than 1.2m above NGL.  The basement car park will be mechanically ventilated.	would be closed for vehicles to provide a pedestrian connection to the future Urban Plaza above the existing St Leonards Railway (south).  The new vehicle entry point for 'Site A' as identified on the block plan is to be provided off Christie Street.  The relocation of the existing laneway (Christie Lane) to the south of 'Site A' would better align with Nicholson Street and provide the opportunity for a wider 6m carriageway with 2m footpath on each side.  Vehicular access to the proposed basement from Christie Lane is not supported and is contrary to the provisions and objectives the precinct.

1.2 Excavation	Proposal	Comment
into car park entry recess up to the extent visible from the street.		
i) Parking and service/delivery areas are to be located underground within building footprint or screened from adjacent residential uses or public domain by sleeving with active uses.		
j) Parking and service/delivery areas are to be located to minimise conflict between pedestrians/cyclists and vehicles and to minimise impact on residential amenity.		
k) Extensive areas of blank walls are to be avoided.		
I) Vehicular access is not permitted along the boundary adjacent to residential zone unless there is no other practical solution.		
m) Residential and non- residential car parking spaces are to be physically separated.		
o) Integrate ventilation grills or screening devices of carpark openings into the façade design and landscape design.		
p) Provide safe and secure access for building users, including direct access to residential apartments, where possible.		
q) Basement car parking is to be: i. Adequately ventilated. ii. Predominantly located within the building footprint. iii. Located fully below NGL. Where slope conditions mean that this is unachievable, the max. basement projection		

1.2 Excavation	Proposal	Comment
above NGL is to be 1.2m but		
not to the street front.		

1.4 Car parking	Proposal	Comment
Car parking rates for St	The proposed hotel comprises	The proposal is deficient 21
Leonards in Part R – Traffic,	of 194 rooms, and does not	customer/visitor spaces and 10
Transport & Parking - Table 2	provide convention/conference	staff parking spaces.
Car parking rates near St	facilities or a restaurant.	
Leonards Railway Station.		In addition, no details have
	Employee Parking	been provided regarding the
Tourist & Visitor	Required: 2 + (194 rooms/20)	number of staff anticipated for
<u>Accommodation</u>	= 12 spaces (rounded up from	the operation of the proposed
Llotal/motal	11.7)	hotel to determine the
Hotel/motel	2 staff parking spaces provided	adequacy of only 2 staff
Residents & Employees	underneath ramp on Basement	parking spaces.
2 spaces + 1 per 20 rooms	Level 4.	
(staff parking)	LCVCI 4.	
(otan panting)	Customer/Visitor Parking	
Customers/Visitors	Required: 194 rooms/3 = <b>65</b>	
1 space per 3 rooms	spaces (rounded up from 64.6)	
+ 1 space per 20m <sup>2</sup> of		
convention/conference facility	Parking spaces provided on	
+ 1 space per 10 seats in	each basement level:	
restaurant	Level 1 – 11 spaces	
1 disabled space per 10 car	Level 2 – 11 spaces (includes	
spaces (min. 1 disabled space)	2 accessible)	
	Level 3 – 11 spaces (includes	
	2 accessible)	
	Level 4 – 13 spaces (includes 2 accessible and 2 staff spaces	
	under ramp).	
	Total: 46 spaces	
	Total. To opadeo	
	Total customer/visitor spaces =	
	46 – 2 staff spaces = 44	
	spaces	
	3 short stay parking spaces are	
	provided to the rear of the site	
	at grade level to Christie Lane.	
	at glade letter to enhalte Editor	
	The proposal provides a total	
	of 49 spaces (44 customer, 2	
	staff, 3 short stay).	
Part R – Traffic, Transport &		
Parking	Deguired: 40 sees-145	
R2 Parking – 2.7 Motorcycle	Required: 49 spaces/15 = <b>Min</b> .	No motorovolo encesa have
Parking	3 motorcycle spaces	No motorcycle spaces have
a) Developers shall provide 1	(rounded down from 3.26)	been provided.
a) Developers shall provide 1 motorcycle parking space		
motorcycle parking space	l	

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1.4 Car parking	Proposal	Comment
per 15 car spaces for all		
types of development.		
b) Motorcycle parking spaces		
are to have an area of 1.2m		
x 3m.		
Part R – Traffic, Transport &		
Parking		
	Customer/Visitors	No details are provided
Table 3 – Bicycle Parking	Requires: 1 + (194 rooms/20) =	regarding the number of staff
Rates	11 racks (rounded up from	to determine the required staff
Llotal/motal	10.7)	bicycle spaces.
Hotel/motel	E higyala parking apagas ara	The proposal is definient
Residents/Employees	5 bicycle parking spaces are provided adjacent to the short	The proposal is deficient bicycle spaces for visitors.
1 per 4 staff	stay parking spaces to the rear	bicycle spaces for visitors.
i pei 4 stati	of the site.	
Customers/Visitors	or the site.	
1 rack + 1 rack per 20 rooms		

1.5 Awnings	Proposal	Comment
a) Continuous street frontage awnings are to be provided for all new developments on main streets or major retail streets in centres except where colonnades are required.	The Christie Block plans indicate that a colonnade is required to the Pacific Highway frontage of the site. The proposal has provided a recessed main entry and an awning along the entire Pacific Highway frontage.	The proposed awning is inconsistent with the Christie Block plans which indicate a continuous street frontage and amalgamated development of sites fronting Pacific Highway.
b) Awning design must be coordinated with building facades and be complementary in alignment and depth to the adjoining buildings and its awning.	The proposed awning is greater in height to existing awnings along Pacific Highway, adjoining the site. The proposed awning is compatible with the overall design of the proposed building with regard to colours and materials.	
c) Where a building is sited on a street corner, wrap awnings are to be provided around corners for a min. 6m unless there is continuity in active uses and in such case they should be continued.	N/A – not a corner allotment.	
d) Awnings should generally be:	Soffit height: Varies from 4-5m.	
i. Min. soffit height of 3.3m	Fascia height: 0.9m. Non-	
ii. Low profile, with slim vertical	trafficable roof garden	
fascia or eaves (generally not	proposed above awning.	

1.5 Awnings	Proposal	Comment
to exceed 300mm height) iii. Setback a min. 60mm from the kerb. iv. Located and designed to ensure no conflict with street trees.	No existing street trees along Pacific Highway frontage.	
e) Awnings are to allow for street trees or poles via innovative solutions, which may include cut outs.	No existing street trees located along the Pacific Highway frontage of the site. There is an existing street light post which fronts the site. It is unclear whether the proposed awning conflicts with the existing light post.	
f) To control sun access/protection, canvas blinds along the street edge may be permitted, subject to design merit and assessment.	No sun control devices proposed along the frontage of the awning. However, sun shading is proposed along the western elevation of the awning.	
g) Under awning recessed lighting is to be provided to facilitate night use and public safety.	Lighting will be required to be incorporated under the awning.	

1.6 Reflectivity	Proposal	Comment
Visible light reflectivity from	The selection of building	Acceptable
building materials used on the	materials and articulation of the	
facades of new buildings	building shown in the	
should not exceed 20%.	photomontage indicates that	
	reflectivity from building would	
	be acceptable.	

1.7 External lighting of buildings	Proposal	Comment
a) Any external lighting of buildings is to be considered with regard to:	Details of external lighting of the building have not been provided.	Insufficient information has been provided with respect to external lighting of the building.
<ul> <li>i. The integration of external light fixtures with the architecture of the building (for example, highlighting external features of the building).</li> <li>ii. The contribution of the</li> </ul>	No flood lights are proposed for the building.	
visual effects of external lighting to the character of the building, surrounds and skyline.		

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1.7 External lighting of buildings	Proposal	Comment
<ul><li>iii. The energy efficiency of the external lighting system.</li><li>iv. The amenity of residents in the locality.</li></ul>		
b) Flood lights for buildings are prohibited.		

1.8 Landscaping	Proposal	Comment
a) Locate basement car	The basement car park is	Council's Landscape Architect
parking predominantly	located under the building	has reviewed the proposed
under the building footprint	footprint.	landscaping plans and raised
to maximize opportunities		various issues with respect to
for landscaped area.	No deep soil is provided.	the proposed landscaping –
b) Deep soil zones in atria,		See referral section of report.
courtyards and boundary	An exterior garden is provided	
setback are encouraged.	on the roof of the recessed	
1 0 Planting on Structures	eastern and western section of	
1.9 Planting on Structures	the building.	
a) Areas with planting on	A roof garden is also proposed	
structures should be	above the Pacific Highway	
irrigated with recycled water	frontage awning over the	
and appropriate drainage	Council footpath of the site	
provided.	·	
b) Provided sufficient soil	Landscaping and planting is	
depth and area to allow for	also provided at the ground	
plant establishment and	floor hotel entry and roof top	
growth	terrace.	

1.10 Solar Access	Proposal	Comment
a) Commercial and mixed use developments are not to reduce sunlight to dwellings in the adjacent or same zone below a min. of 3 hours of sunlight on portion of the windows of the habitable rooms between 9am and 3pm on 21 June.	Properties within the immediate vicinity of the site are commercial. A number of properties located on Pacific Highway, adjacent to the west of the site contain residences above the shop. These residences are capable of receiving a minimum 3 hours of sunlight between 9am and	The proposal is not considered to unduly impact on residential properties within the immediate vicinity of the site.
	3pm, on 21 June.	

1.11 Access and Mobility	Proposal	Comment
Any new development must	8 accessible rooms are	Council's Community
comply with Australian	provided within the proposed	Development, Ageing and
Standards AS 1428 Design for	hotel.	Disability officer has reviewed
Access and Mobility, AS 4299		the proposal and raised the
Adaptable Housing, AS 2890	Ground Floor hotel lobby:	following concerns:
Parking Facilities and AS 1735	An accessible public toilet is	i. A number of entrances to,
Lifts, Escalators and Moving	provided.	and throughout the building

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1.11 Access and Mobility	Proposal	Comment
Walks and with Part F of the DCP (Access and Mobility)	A wheelchair lift is provided to access the guest drop-off area from the rear of the hotel.  Roof top terrace: An accessible toilet is provided. It is noted to plans that the pool will provide a platform swimming pool lift and an aquatic wheelchair.	(including corridors) are not accessible.  ii. Passing space and turning space dimensions not shown on plans.  iii. Insufficient details regarding the dimensions of the accessible bathrooms of adaptable rooms, as well as ambulant toilets on the ground floor and roof top recreation/pool area.  iv. An accessible shower facility will be required for the roof top level if the pool area is made accessible as indicated.  v. There are no alternative accessible solutions should the wheelchair lift at the drop
		off area be occupied.

1.12 Signage	Proposal	Comment
All signage shall comply with	Signage is not sought as part	N/A
Part N – Signage and Advertising of the DCP.	of this DA.	

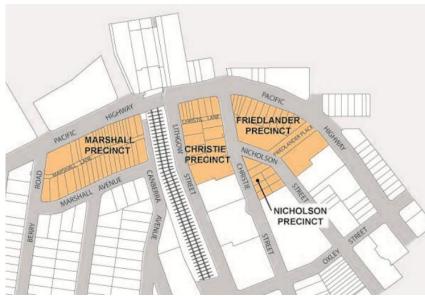


Figure 6 – St Leonards Key Precincts (Extracted from Part D – Commercial Development and Mixed Use Localities of DCP)

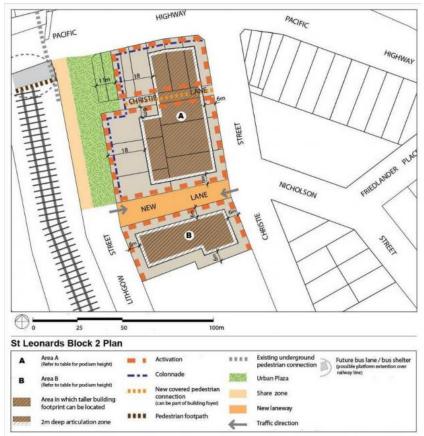


Figure 7 – Christie Block Plan (Extract from Part D – Commercial Development and Mixed Use Localities of DCP)

### Part D4 – St Leonards (B3) Commercial Core Zone and Mixed Use 4.2 Desired Future Character of St Leonards

4.3 Built Form	Proposal	Comment
a) New development on the southern side of Pacific Highway across the St Leonards Station is to comply with the block diagrams provided. b) The development for major blocks is to be a tower and podium form to mitigate against wind impacts and achieve a human scale at the street. c) Blocks located at 'gateway' corners as indicated in the block plans are not required to provide podium bases but should respect the alignment of the adjoining podiums in the design of the architecture. These towers are to create an entry	The subject site forms part of a major block plan within the Christie Precinct.  The building is one built form and does not incorporate towers.	The objectives and development controls (i.e. access, setbacks, activation etc) for the precinct recognised that the subject site is to be developed together with adjoining properties, particularly in order to provide sufficient yield to the amalgamated sites in order to permit a significant open space area for the eastern portion of the proposed Rail Plaza.  The development of the subject site for use as a hotel although permissible, is fragmented and small scale which is contrary to the Christie Precinct block plans with respect to the envisaged built

4.3 Built Form	Proposal	Comment
statement into the centre.		form for development within
		the precinct.

4.4 Separation	Proposal	Comment
a) Separation is to be provided	Separation between buildings	The proposal involves the
between all towers. Min.	is only provided along the east	redevelopment of only two
distances are provided within	and west recessed sections of	allotments which are identified
the block plan tables. These	the building.	in the Christie block plans. As
separation distances are an		such, the proposed hotel is
average separation but no	The proposal is built to all	provided in one building form
tower should be located closer	boundaries with the exception	and does not incorporate
than 12m from an adjacent	of the recessed east and west	towers which are indicated in
tower or potential tower.	section of the building.	the block plans.
Separation of towers is		
imperative to avoid a		
continuous secondary street		
wall extending the length of the		
block along the highway.		

4.5 Public Open Space	Proposal	Comment
a) Two new public open	The two allotments forming the	In order to facilitate pedestrian
spaces are to be provided	subject site do not comprise	access to the "high quality
adjacent to the rail corridor to	land which is to be developed	public plaza" envisaged by
the east and west of the rail	as public open space, being	Council's planning approach,
line. The space to the west is	the urban plaza, as indicated in	Christie Lane will only be
to be landscaped as a softer	the block plans.	opened to pedestrians, and not
green space with connection		vehicles. The alternative
back to Canberra Ave. The		vehicular routes and entries,
closure of Canberra Ave will		proposed by Council would
form part of this public open		ensure that internal vehicular
space.		circulation would be improved
b) The eastern public open		without conflicting with
space is to be created partially		pedestrian activity.
by making part of Lithgow St		
as shared way and partly on		Therefore, the proposed
private land as part of a major		development does not achieve
redevelopment of that block.		a form that offers consistency
This open space is to be the		with either Council's DCP
major public urban space and		objectives or provisions for this
heart of the southern side of St		Precinct. These controls are
Leonards.		essential as it ensures that the
		precinct, and its surrounds, has
		a high level of amenity,
		functionality and liveability.

4.6 Colonnades	Proposal	Comment
a) Colonnades are to be	The main entry area is setback	The DCP block plans indicate
provided to development along	4.197m from the front	a colonnade to be provided to
Pacific Highway as shown in	boundary. The proposal is built	the Pacific Highway frontage of
the block plans.	to both side boundaries and	the site to activate the street.
b) The depth and height of	does not make provision for an	Controls outline that a
colonnades is to be sufficient	open colonnade.	colonnade with a min. 4m

4.6 Colonnades	Proposal	Comment
to allow for footpath seating whilst still allowing clear pedestrian access adjacent to the shopfronts and to achieve high quality amenity and spaciousness for the colonnade with reasonable visual exposure to the highway.  c) All development is to provide footpath and public domain upgrades, including landscaping, to Council's specifications as part of the development. A minimum 4m wide footpath is to be provided from the property boundary for the southern side of Pacific Highway.	The applicant has identified the main entry (depth of 4.197m and height of 4.8m) as a colonnade provided for the building.	depth from the building edge, for two storey clear height, are to be provided.  The proposal is inconsistent with the distinctive built form and character envisioned for the precinct.

Special Commercial Areas Locality 1 St Leonards Key Precincts Block 2: Christie Precinct

Control	Proposal	Comment
1. Height		
LEP Control (max. 45m)	48.84 m	The proposal exceeds the max. building height by 3.84m which represents a variation of 8.53%.
		The variation to building height is not supported – Refer to Clause 4.6 discussion.
2. Street Frontage Height		
Block A = 18m To all streets and spaces	The height of the proposal along the Pacific Highway frontage measured to the FFL of Level 5 is 17.5m.	Complies
3. Uses		The proposal is for a hotel, which is a commercial use and
GFL Active uses – street level retail (Pacific Highway)	The main entrance of the hotel is from the Pacific Highway	not a retail use.
Totali (i dollo i ligitira))	frontage, and accessed at the street level.	However, the proposed hotel use is not incompatible with retail, and is a permitted use.
4. Tower Separation		
12m	No towers are proposed as part of the development.	The proposal does not involve sites identified in the block plan for amalgamated

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Control	Proposal	Comment
		redevelopment and as such does not comprise of towers as envisioned by the DCP.
5. Tower Footprint		
Block A = Max. 1,600m <sup>2</sup>	The footprint of the proposal is approximately 593m² (ground level) and 496m² (levels above excluding recessed east and west section of the building).	The proposal does not involve sites identified in the block plan for amalgamated redevelopment and as such does not comprise of towers as envisioned by the DCP.
6. Street Setback		
Block A  = 10m to create public open space (to be provided west of Block A)  = 5m to allow a min. footpath verge to highway or street kerb (to be provided to Pacific Highway and Lithgow St)	The Council footpath reserve fronting Pacific Highway is approximately 3.64m in width.  The ground floor lobby entry is setback 4.197m from the northern site boundary.  Ground floor to Level 4 (inclusive) provides 0m setback to Pacific HWY.  Level 5 to 13 (inclusive) provides 4m setback to Pacific HWY to windows, 3.5m to blade walls.  Level 14 (Rooftop Terrace) – 5.5m to services roof edge 10.4m to northern wall of toilet	The front setbacks to Pacific Highway provided are inconsistent with the Block A street setback provisions.
7. Colonnade	facilities.	The main entry of the hotel
Block A – 4m depth from building edge (to Pacific Highway, public open space, Lithgow St)	The applicant has identified the main entry (depth of 4.19m and height of 4.8m) as a colonnade provided for the building.	provides weather protection and seating for patrons. The main entry area of the hotel is considered to be a recessed section of the building and not a colonnade.
8. Pedestrian Entry/Address		
Block A – From Pacific Highway, public open space and Christie St	Pedestrian entry is from the main entry and lobby fronting Pacific Highway.	Complies as provided from Pacific Highway.
9. Vehicle Entry		
Block A – from Christie St	Vehicular access to the building is from Christie Lane.	Christie Lane is to be closed and relocated to the south, as indicated in the block plans.

Control	Proposal	Comment
		In this regard, vehicular access to the development from
10 Cor Porking		Christie Lane is not supported.
10. Car Parking Underground or sleeved	Carparking is provided underground, with 3 short stay spaces provided at-grade from Christie Lane.	Christie Lane is to be closed and as such, the proposed car parking arrangements are not supported as it is currently a public road and relies on vehicular access to the development from Christie Lane.
11. New Laneway and Mid Block Connection		
Relocate Christie Lane to south – adjacent to No. 80 Christie St	The development proposes to utilise Christie Lane for vehicular access.	As Christie Lane is to be closed, vehicular access to the proposal from Christie Lane; and use of Christie Lane as a shared zone is not supported.
Provide new pedestrian mid- block link generally in the existing location of Christie Lane  For provision of 6m carriageway and 2m footpath on each side	The applicant proposes to utilise Christie Lane as a 10km/h shared zone for both pedestrians and vehicles.	In addition, the block plans have identified Christie Lane to be used as a mid-block pedestrian link to the future Urban Plaza. The alternative vehicular routes and entries proposed by Council, as outlined in the DCP provisions for the precinct, ensure that internal vehicular circulation will be improved without conflicting with pedestrian activity.  The proposal is contrary to the objectives and provisions of the Christie Precinct.
12. Tower Orientation		
Block A = North to South long axis (To Pacific Highway)  Block A = Max. building length 40m (To Christie Street). If 40m length is exceeded, then 12m tower separation or 12m setback applies to remainder of building length to Christie Street.	The building is of a north-south orientation with frontage facing Pacific Highway.	The proposed development does not incorporate any towers as it only involves the development of 2 allotments and does not involve amalgamated development as per the block plans.
13. Landscaping/Public		

Control	Proposal	Comment
Domain		
Street trees to Pacific Highway Trees, paving design, upgrades and specifications to be agreed to and arranged with Council	The applicant has noted that works within the footpath area to the Pacific Highway are anticipated and will be subject to conditions for the provision of street tree planting and pavement specifications.	Only landscaping within the site has been proposed. No details are provided with respect to landscaping and public domain works.
14. Public Open		
Space/Share Zone		
1,500m² min. area for public open space to the west of Block A Two way vehicle traffic share zone proposed to the northern end of Lithgow St		The subject proposal does not involve amalgamated redevelopment as per the block plans and does not address this provision.
Provide improved underground crossing to St Leonards Station		
Kiosks, newsagents, food stand uses to be encouraged around the underground pedestrian crossing		

### Part O – Stormwater Management

Council's Development Engineer has reviewed the submitted concept engineering plans prepared by NCE Novati Consulting Engineers Pty Ltd and outlined that the proposed development does not comply with Part O – Stormwater Management of the DCP – See referral section of report for further details.

### Part Q - Waste Management & Minimisation

4.4 Commercial Developments	Proposal	Comment
and Change of Uses (Shops,		
Offices, Food Premises,	Waste storage area provided	Insufficient information is
Hotels, Motels, Licensed	on Basement Level 1 (8.62m²).	provided with respect to on-site
Clubs, Educational		waste collection and
Establishments, Entertainment	No garbage chutes provided.	minimisation. The waste
Facilities and Hospitals)		storage area provided is
	Details for collection and	insufficient for the proposed
	anticipated waste generated	use as a hotel and waste
	not outlined.	collection details have not
		been provided to support the
		size of the waste storage area.

### DRAFT PART D COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT AND MIXED USE LOCALITIES Special Commercial Areas Locality 1 St Leonards Key Precincts

Block 2: Christie Precinct

The DRAFT Part D – Commercial Development and Mixed Use Localities – Special Commercial Areas, had been made publicly available prior to the lodgment of the subject DA. The consultation of the Draft DCP ran from 29 September 2016 to 10 November 2016. Council's post consultation report recommended a number of changes based on public comment. These changes along with the Planning Proposal, were adopted by Council at its meeting held on 15 May 2017.

An assessment of the proposed development against provisions of the Draft DCP are outlined below.

Pacific/Lithgow/Christie Precinct	Proposal	Comment
Block 2 – Lithgow/Christie/Pacific Precinct		
This precinct is located in the area bound by Pacific Highway, Lithgow Street, Christie Street and the southern boundary of the B4 Mixed Use Zone between those streets: B4 Mixed Use block south of Christie Lane B3 Commercial Core block north of Christie Lane	The subject site is located within the Pacific/Lithgow/Christie Precinct – Block 2 – Christie Precinct.	The proposed development is inconsistent with the block plan for the Christie Precinct.
1 Floor Space Ratio  See LEP  Max. FSR = 10.1:1 (max. 6,003.44m²)	FSR = 10.21:1 Total GFA = 6,070.3m <sup>2</sup>	Exceeds the max. FSR by 66.87m², which represents a variation of 1.1%.  No Clause 4.6 written request submitted for consideration.
2 Building line setbacks		
Om from Rail Plaza – balconies may extend over Plaza  4m from Christie Street  1.5m from Christie Lane north side	The hotel lobby is setback 4.197m from the front boundary.  The building meets the building line setbacks to Christie Street as the site is	The proposal is inconsistent with the building line setbacks established for the desired built form envisioned for the precinct which recognised a need for an amalgamated
4m from Pacific Highway	separated from Christie Street by No. 546 Pacific Highway.	redevelopment of the site.
Retail activation facing all	The proposal is built to the	

Pacific/Lithgow/Christie	Proposal	Comment
Precinct	Froposai	Comment
public domain where possible.	boundary adjoining Christie	
All areas and floor fronte and	Lane.	
All ground floor frontages except to Rail Plaza, are to	An awning is provided over	
provide awnings over the	the public footpath along	
public footpath.	Pacific Highway.	
3 Building line setbacks		
above Ground Level (Non-residential min.)		
(Non residential min.)	The proposed hotel does not	The proposal is inconsistent
0m from Rail Plaza	comply with the required	with the building line setbacks
0m from Christie Lane south	setbacks outlined for Pacific	established for the desired
side 1.5m from Christie Lane north	Highway and Christie Lane.	built form envisioned for the precinct which recognised a
side	Christie Lane:	need for an amalgamated
4m from Pacific Highway	Nil setbacks provided for	redevelopment of the site.
4m from Christie Street	Levels 1 and above.	
Otherwise – mixed use as per	Pacific Highway:	
SEPP65 requirements	A setback of 4m is provided	
assuming potentially adjacent	from Level 5 and above.	
to residential.		
Balconies and building		
elements (including GFA		
areas) may extend up to 4m		
over Rail Plaza air space i.e.		
beyond the property boundary (see Control 7).		
4 Building line setbacks		
from site boundary min.		
residential towers		
As per the ADG with the	The building is in one built	The proposal is for a hotel
exception of:	form and for commercial	and does not include
0m from Rail Plaza	purposes. No residential	residential components or towers.
OIII IIOIII Kali Plaza	towers are proposed.	towers.
1.5m from Christie Street		
south side		
4m from Christie Street		
6m from southern boundary		
(adjacent to B3 zone)		
Balconies and building		
elements (including GFA		
Balconies and building		

Pacific/Lithgow/Christie Precinct	Proposal	Comment
(see Control 7).		
(occ control 1).		
No balcony articulation		
between site boundary and 4m		
building line on Christie Street.		
<ul><li>5 Building Separation min.</li><li>– Mixed Use towers</li></ul>		
22m to other residential tower on the site (to other mixed use	The building is in one built form and for commercial	The proposal is for a hotel and does not comprise of
tower on site)	purposes. No mixed use towers are proposed.	mixed use towers.
24m to buildings across road (buildings outside site)	tomoro and proposes.	
6 Floor to Floor Height		
Non-residential ground level – min. 4.8m	Ground floor: 4.8m	All levels above the ground floor provide a floor to floor height of 3.15m, which is
Non-residential, each level, other than retail – min. 3.6m		considered satisfactory.
7 Rail Plaza Articulation Zone		
Min. 4m	The subject site is not within the indicative rail plaza	Not applicable
Balconies and building elements (including GFA areas) may extend up to 4m beyond the building line i.e. beyond the property boundary (i.e. are not recessed) for up to 40% of the building façade, to articulate the building.	articulation zone.	
8 Pedestrian Link		
Between Lithgow St (Rail Plaza), Christie Street, Christie Lane and internal courtyard:	The proposal seeks to utilise Christie Lane as a shared zone to permit vehicular access to the development.	The use of Christie Lane as a shared zone is not supported.
A public internal courtyard/food court is to be provided at ground level (Rail Plaza level)  – min. 20m width		
Other 1 Uses		
1 Uses		
Encourage uses which operate during evening and early	Hours of operation of the hotel would extend beyond typical	Should development consent be granted, conditions would

Pacific/Lithgow/Christie Precinct	Proposal	Comment
morning hours, such as cafes and restaurants, community facilities, gymnasiums and other facilities, to encourage activity and safety outside office hours.	retail trading hours.  The hotel main entry is external to the hotel lobby.	be imposed outlining the hours of operation for the hotel.
Provide active uses at street level and flanking public spaces.		
In the tower form, provide a range of housing options.		
Serviced apartments are not to be developed.		
2 Landscaping/Open Space		
New street trees, paving and verge upgrades to be incorporated into the site development.	A roof garden above the awning is proposed.	Public domain works have not been detailed.
Landscaping elements are to be incorporated into non-residential levels' façades.		
3 Public Domain		
The accompanying SEE to demonstrate how the proposal contributes positively to the overall precinct-wide public domain.	Public domain works have not been detailed.	Public domain works are not detailed for assessment.
This includes ground-level finishes/paving and layout of the inner courtyard and laneways to maximum pedestrian amenity.		
Signage, paving etc are to assist "navigation" along destinations paths of travel.		
In complying with accessibility standards, consideration of the needs of people with disabilities, including the visually impaired, is to be demonstrated.		

Pacific/Lithgow/Christie Precinct	Proposal	Comment
Bike facilities are to be provided (See general DCP for details).		
Compatibility with the St Leonards Public Domain Master Plan should be indicated.		
4 Façade Colours and Materials		
A mixture of non-reflective façade materials and colours are required to emphasis the podium level non-residential form and residential towers as separate elements. Soft, natural materials such as timber are encouraged at ground level.  External materials to be durable with high quality finish.	A mix of materials and colours have been proposed to the façade of the building.	Acceptable
Façade detailing to also address shading, wind protection and solar access considerations.		
5 Wind Mitigation		
A Wind Analysis study relating to all façades, internal and external to the site, is to demonstrate methods to achieve appropriate outcomes for public and private domains, e.g. awnings, baffles, articulation etc.	A Wind Effects has been submitted as part of the DA.	Refer to earlier discussion within the body of this report regarding wind mitigation (page 17)
This information is required to be provided at DA stage.		

# Part R – Traffic, Transport and Parking

Parking requirements have been reviewed within Section 1.4 Car Parking – Part D of this report.

# THE PROVISIONS OF ANY ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING INSTRUMENT (Section 79(C)(1)(a)(i))

#### Lane Cove Local Environmental Plan 2009

## Clause 2.2 – Zoning

The subject site is zoned B3 Commercial Core pursuant to LCLEP 2009. The proposed development is permitted with development consent within the B3 zone.

## Clause 4.3 – Height of Buildings

The maximum permissible height limit for the site is 45m. The proposed development has a nominated building height of 48.84m and exceeds the maximum building height permitted by 3.84m, representing a variation of 8.53%. The applicant has submitted a written request in accordance with Clause 4.6 of LCLEP 2009 to vary the building height development standard. The variation sought to the maximum building height is not supported.

## Clause 4.4 – Floor Space Ratio

The maximum permissible FSR for the site is 10.1:1 (max. 6,003.44m²). The total GFA of the proposal is 6,070.3m². The proposal exceeds the maximum FSR by 66.86m² which represents a variation of 1.1% to the FSR development standard.

Development consent cannot be granted for the proposal as it would contravene the FSR development standard – Clause 4.4 of LCLEP 2009, unless the applicant provides written request in accordance with Clause 4.6(3) of LCLEP 2009 that seeks to justify the contravention.

## **Section 94 Contributions**

Should development consent be granted for the proposed development, Section 94 Contributions would be applicable and payable in accordance with Council's Section 94 Contribution Plan for the proposal.

#### OTHER PLANNING INSTRUMENTS

#### State Environmental Planning Policy 55 – Remediation of Land

The subject site and adjoining sites are zoned for commercial purposes. A Phase 1 Contamination Report (Ref. No. REF-339616-A, prepared by Envirotech, dated 17 June 2016) has been submitted with the subject DA. The Report recommends a Phase 2 Detailed Site Contamination Investigation be undertaken to determine the extent of any contamination. Council's Environmental Health officer has reviewed the proposal and accompanying report and outlined that a Phase 2 Detailed Site Investigation and Remediation Action Plan is to be submitted to determine whether the proposed development is suitable for the subject site in accordance with the provisions of SEPP 55.

#### State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007

The subject site has frontage to a classified road, being the Pacific Highway and is located within close proximity to the St Leonards railway. In this regard, the proposed development was referred to the Roads & Maritime Services (RMS) for review – See RMS comments in referral section of this report.

In accordance with Clauses 87 and 102 of the Infrastructure SEPP, an acoustic assessment is required to be submitted to ensure that noise volumes are appropriate to the development. A Road Traffic Noise Assessment (Report No. nss22478, prepared by Noise and Sound Services, dated July 2016) has been submitted with the application.

Council's Environmental Health Officer has reviewed the proposal and accompanying report and outlined that supplementary information as follows is required with respect to noise:

- Construction Noise Management Plan.
- Acoustic Report to address the impact of the proposal (mechanical plant, cooling towers, refrigeration, general operational noise particularly in service areas, deliveries, waste removal and traffic) on surrounding land uses, and internal noise levels of the hotel rooms as the site is in close proximity to major rail and road corridors.

In this regard, there is not adequate information contained in the accompanying acoustic reports to satisfactorily address Clauses 87 and 102 of the Infrastructure SEPP.

THE PROVISIONS OF ANY PROPOSED INSTRUMENT THAT IS OR HAS BEEN THE SUBJECT OF PUBLIC CONSULTATION UNDER THIS ACT AND THAT HAS BEEN NOTIFIED TO THE CONSENT AUTHORITY (UNLESS THE SECRETARY HAS NOTIFIED THE CONSENT AUTHORITY THAT THE MAKING OF THE PROPOSED INSTRUMENT HAS BEEN DEFERRED INDEFINITELY OR HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED)

Section 79(C)(1)(a)(ii)

Not applicable

# THE PROVISIONS OF ANY DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN Section 79(C)(1)(a)(iii)

Part D – Commercial Development and Mixed Use Localities of Council's DCP highlights the minimum individual block plans for each precinct. It is stated that the "block plan controls would be applied with flexibility based on achievement of objectives". The objectives for the Christie Precinct are to provide:

- "A major high quality public plaza or town square to the west of podium A. This public open space is to include the upgrade of the existing pedestrian link to the station. Ideally the link should be provided as part of a 1-2 storey kiosk building development adjacent to the rail line".
- "A new laneway connector to provide an improved vehicular and pedestrian connection to the rail underpass"; and
- "Safety and amenity".

In relation to the Christie precinct, the DCP block plan provides and highlights the intended planning outcome for the precinct which requires amalgamation of sites. Although the proposed building footprints of some of the sites may change, the DCP provisions have consistently envisioned:

- A new vehicle entry point for "Area A" to be provided off Christie Street;
- Christie Lane to be closed to vehicular traffic in order to "provide new pedestrian mid-block link generally in the existing location of Christie Lane"; and
- Relocation of Christie Lane to the south, adjacent to No. 80 during redevelopment.

The objectives of the current and draft DCP for the precinct share consistent aims to achieve high quality built form and public spaces. The proposed development does not achieve consistency with either Council's DCP objectives or provisions for the Christie block precinct. These controls are

essential as it ensures that the precinct and its surrounds have a high level of amenity, functionality and liveability.

# THE PROVISIONS OF ANY PLANNING AGREEMENT THAT HAS BEEN ENTERED INTO UNDER SECTION 93F, OR ANY DRAFT PLANNING AGREEMENT THAT A DEVELOPER HAS OFFERED TO ENTER INTO UNDER SECTION 93F Section 79(C)(1)(a)(iiia)

The proposed development is inconsistent with the provisions of a Draft Voluntary Planning Agreement which includes this site, and identifies amalgamated redevelopment of sites within the St Leonards Precinct, and includes the embellishment of Christie Lane for pedestrian purposes only, while relocating vehicular access south with alternative entry points along Christie Street.

## Section 79(C)(a)(iv)

The provisions of the regulations (to the extent that they prescribe matters for the purposes of this paragraph)

Applicable Regulation considerations including demolition, fire safety, fire upgrades, compliance with the Building Code of Australia, compliance with the Home Building Act, PCA appointment, notice of commencement of works, sign on work sites, critical stage inspections and records of inspection would be addressed by appropriate consent conditions should development consent be granted.

# Section 79(C)(a)(v)

any coastal zone management plan (within the meaning of the Coastal Protection Act 1979), that apply to the land to which the development application relates

Not applicable – A coastal zone management plan does not apply to the subject site.

Section 79(C)(b) the likely impacts of that development, including environmental impacts on both the natural and built environments, and social and economic impacts in the locality,

The redevelopment of the site, as proposed, is contrary to the objectives and provisions for development within the Christie Block of the St Leonards Precinct, and as such considered to pose adverse impacts on existing and future uses/development within the immediate and surrounding area.

Section 79(C)(c) the suitability of the site for the development,

Having regard to the above matters, the subject site is not considered to be suitable for the proposed development.

Section 79(C)(d) any submissions made in accordance with this Act or the regulations,

In accordance with Council's notification procedures contained in DCP 2009, the proposal was notified for a period of 14 days between 14 September 2016 and 28 September 2016. During the notification period, eight (8) submissions were received. The primary concerns raised in the submissions include the following:

Suitability of the development for the site

#### Comment:

The subject site is not considered to be suitable for the proposed development as it is contrary to the objectives and provisions for development within the Christie block plans and the St Leonards precinct.

Excessive height of the building

#### Comment:

The proposed development exceeds the maximum 45m building height permitted for the subject site. The variation to the building height is not supported.

• Compatibility of the proposal with surrounding buildings and impacts on the streetscape as viewed from Pacific Highway

#### Comment:

The proposed development only involves the redevelopment of the subject 2 sites within the Christie block plans which is inconsistent with provisions requiring amalgamated redevelopment of sites within the precinct. The proposal would result in an inconsistent streetscape along Pacific Highway and create a segregated interface when viewed from both Pacific Highway and Christie Lane.

- Increased traffic generation on Pacific Highway and surrounding road networks as a result of the proposed development
- Vehicular access is proposed from Christie Lane which is to be closed in the future and changed to pedestrian access only

## Comment:

The proposed development seeks to provide insufficient on-site parking in accordance with Council' DCP requirements and relies on vehicular access from Christie Lane which is proposed to be closed to vehicles in the future. In this regard, the proposed development is not considered to provide an adequate response to traffic management and vehicular access.

• The redevelopment of the site as a proposed hotel is contrary Council's requirements, the desired future character of St Leonards and the exhibited Voluntary Planning Agreement (Winten Site)

#### Comment:

The proposed development is contrary to the Christie block plans, Council's provisions for the St Leonards precinct contained within the DCP, the desired future character of St Leonards and the Draft VPA. Christie block plans indicate amalgamated redevelopment of sites within the precinct and the closure of Christie Lane to vehicles, to facilitate a pedestrian link to the future over-rail plaza. The use of Christie Lane to accommodate vehicular access to the proposal and redevelopment in isolation with adjoining sites does not achieve the level of functionality and liveability envisioned for the St Leonards Precinct.

Acoustic and visual privacy

# Comment:

The proposal is for the purposes of a hotel which is a commercial use and not considered to pose adverse acoustic or visual privacy concerns to adjoining premises and properties.

Impacts during construction

#### Comment:

A Construction Noise Management Plan has not been submitted with the DA. Insufficient information has been provided for mitigation measures to reduce impacts on existing surrounding businesses during construction.

Shadow impacts

#### Comment:

The site has a north-south orientation and the maximum permissible building height is 45m pursuant to Clause 4.3 of Lane Cove LEP 2009. The proposal has a nominated height of 48.84m, and exceeds the development standard by 3.84m.

The non-compliance with the building height control would marginally increase the length of the shadows cast onto properties to the south. Shadows casted by a proposal which complies with the maximum 45m building height has not been provided to determine the extent of the impact on adjoining properties to the south.

The shadow diagrams submitted indicate that at least 50% of the future public plaza to the west of the site would receive a minimum 2hours of sunlight between 11am and 2pm.

Isolation of No. 546 Pacific Highway

## Comment:

The proposed development would result in the isolation of No. 546 Pacific Highway and is not supported.

#### Section 79(C)(e) the public interest.

Having regard to the above matters, the proposed development is not considered to be in the public interest.

#### **REFERRALS**

#### Roads & Maritime Services (RMS)

The proposed development was referred to the RMS for review in accordance with SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007.

The RMS raised concerns regarding how vehicles would access the proposed development once Lithgow Street is closed from the Pacific Highway to the southern boundary of Site A, and if the RMS refused the request for Christie Lane to be a shared zone. It was also outlined that no vehicular access is permitted to the site from Pacific Highway.

The applicant submitted a Traffic Statement in response to concerns raised by the RMS. The Applicant's Traffic Statement outlined that "pedestrian and access must be retained along Christie Lane to facilitate access to properties fronting Pacific Highway. This may be in the form of a 10km/h Shared Zone constructed to RMS requirements or as a standard roadway comprising the following:

- A 6.0m wide road carriageway that will accommodate two-way traffic flow
- A 1.2m wide pedestrian footpath
- A turn bay located at the western end of Christie Lane and wholly within the Site A development site. The turn bay is to facilitate access by a standard delivery truck/waste

collection vehicle. The turn bay will be required if Christie Lane is to be a standard roadway or Shared Zone.

Vehicular access to a new two-way Christie Lane can easily be achieved from Christie Street. The section of Christie Street between the Highway and Christie Lane will remain one-way southbound. The site will continue to have convenient access from the State Road network.

The Applicant's Traffic Statement was referred to the RMS for review. The RMS outlined that alternative vehicular access arrangements via local road network are to be to Council's satisfaction, provided that road safety and efficiency of Pacific Highway is not detrimentally affected. Any shared zone proposals require the submission of detailed design plans and would require RMS approval.

RMS correspondence has been provided as a separate attachment.

# **Sydney Trains**

The proposed development was referred to Sydney Trains pursuant to Clause 85 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007. Concern was raised regarding rail-related noise and vibration from the adjacent rail corridor to future occupants of the hotel rooms. However, no objections were raised to the proposed development from Sydney Trains subject to the imposition of conditions provided in correspondence dated 11 October 2016, should development consent be granted.

## Strategic Planner

Council's Strategic Planner has reviewed the proposed development and provides the following comments:

Council has taken a planned, measured and considered approach to development in the St Leonards area. The overall goal is to support the creation of an area with a high level of commercial opportunity, amenity and connectivity. This has been expressed in its longstanding DCP policies, which envisage the existing Christie Lane being closed to vehicles and relocating the laneway access south to facilitate better internal vehicular circulation. In this regard, the proposed development is not consistent with the objectives and provisions expressed in Council's planning documents.

As the draft Planning Proposal and VPA was reported to Council on 20 April 2015, prior to lodgement of this DA, it was publicly available. There is no expectation that Christie Lane could or should be used for vehicular access. Continuing to utilise Christie Lane for vehicular use would not assist the precinct achieve its objectives and goals as expressed in Council's DCP.

Council has now resolved to adopt the Planning Proposal and Draft DCP for the Winten site (inclusive of this site) with some amendments at its Council meeting held on 15 May 2017. One of the points raised with respect to the Draft DCP, during the public exhibition phase, was whether or not the relocation of the laneway and the closure of Christie Lane still applied. The Council report clarifies this as follows:

"Relocation of the laneway to the south and the mid-block connection on Christie Lane is not mentioned in the Draft DCP - The Draft DCP was designed to be incorporated into Council's existing suite of controls relating to the Christie Precinct and these items are still intended to remain. However, the draft DCP will need to be amended to incorporate these aspects".

As such, the current controls regarding the relocation of the laneway and Christie Lane closure were always intended to remain in the final adopted DCP. Council resolved to amend the DCP accordingly. Council's post consultation report recommended a number of changes based on public comment. These changes along with the Planning Proposal, were adopted at its meeting held on 15 May 2017.

Therefore, the proposed development does not seek to address or achieve desired outcomes and represent or provide a better environmental planning outcome than what is currently stated in Council's plans for the precinct.

## Development Engineer

Council's Development Engineer has reviewed the proposal and outlined that the stormwater concept does not comply with Part O – Stormwater Management of the DCP.

The submitted stormwater drainage design would be required to be amended, if approved, to:

- Design an adequate on-site detention system;
- Adequately discharge stormwater directly into Council's drainage network downstream, not directly to the kerb and gutter; and
- Provide a gross pollutant trap.

# **Traffic Engineer**

Council's Traffic Engineer has reviewed the proposal and accompanying Traffic Impact Assessment (prepared by Terraffic, dated 5 September 2016), and outlined that the following matters:

- 1. Parking requirements must be in accordance with Lane Cove Council's DCP Part R. The proposed parking rates from RMS Guide to Traffic Generating Practices are not accepted as they are deficient, and do not take into account the total number of staff parking also required.
- 2. As the trip generation is based on the parking spaces, the proposed trip generation for the proposed development is not accepted.

# **Environmental Health Officer**

Council's Environmental Health Officer has reviewed the proposal and advises the following matters have not been addressed:

- 1. Construction Noise Management Plan (CNMP) has not been submitted.
  - It is essential that the CNMP be submitted to review measures to be implemented during the construction phase to manage potential noise and vibration impacts on adjoining residents and businesses.
- 2. Acoustic Report to address the impact of mechanical plant, cooling towers, refrigeration, and general operational noise particularly in service areas deliveries, waste removal and traffic of the proposal on the surrounding land uses and to also address internal noise levels of the hotel rooms as the site is in close proximity of major rail and road corridors.
  - The level of amenity for future guests and employees of the hotel cannot be determined without this information and satisfaction of Clauses 87 and 102 of the Infrastructure SEPP.
- 3. Phase 2 Detailed Site Investigation and Remediation Action Plan (RAP) have not been submitted to determine whether the proposed development is suitable for the subject site in accordance with the provisions of SEPP55.
  - In accordance with Clause 7 of SEPP55, the consent authority must be satisfied that the land can be made suitable for the proposed use, having regard to

contamination. A Phase 2 Report and RAP is required to outline whether remediation works required would be adequate in ensuring the site is suitable for the proposed use as a hotel.

- 4. An environmental management plan (EMP) has not been submitted for the construction phase of the project that addresses demolition, asbestos management, site water management and sediment and erosion controls, as well as dust management.
  - The EMP is required to ensure that appropriate environmental management practices are followed during the construction phase and environmental risks associated with the project are properly managed. Given the surrounds of the site, an EMP is required to be submitted to assess the impacts of construction on adjoining properties and sites located within the immediate vicinity of the subject property.
- 5. No details have been provided relating to food preparation areas i.e. kitchens/dining rooms etc. It is assumed some food will be prepared or made available on site, and as such these details are to be provided and prepared with reference to the Food Standards Code.
  - Plans do not indicate a kitchen and it is unclear how food services for the hotel will operate.

Having regard to the above, appropriate draft conditions would need to be drafted if the Panel wish to approve the proposal.

# Community Development, Ageing and Disability officer

Council's Community Development, Ageing and Disability officer has reviewed the proposal and raised the following concerns:

- i. A number of entrances to, and throughout the building (including corridors) are not accessible.
- ii. Passing space and turning space dimensions not shown on plans.
- iii. Insufficient details regarding the dimensions of the accessible bathrooms of adaptable rooms, as well as ambulant toilets on the ground floor and roof top recreation/pool area.
- iv. An accessible shower facility will be required for the roof top level if the pool area is made accessible as indicated.
- v. There are no alternative accessible solutions should the wheelchair lift at the drop off area be occupied.

Having regard to the above, it appears that the proposal does not fully achieve DDA compliance for guests with respect to public areas and accessible rooms. Appropriate conditions would need to be drafted if development consent is granted for the proposal.

# Landscape Architect

Council's Landscape Architect has reviewed the proposal and outlined the following matters with respect to the landscape design:

- i. A higher percentage of endemic plants (70%) is required and shall be selected from Council's document "Trees & Shrubs Native to the Lane Cove area and most suitable for your garden".
- ii. The landscape plans submitted by A Total Concept Landscape Architects does not specify plants to the southwest corner that will achieve a minimum height of 2 metres above terrace level as per the submitted wind report. The architectural plans note this, and therefore a revised planting scheme is required for this corner.

iii. The landscape plans submitted by A Total Concept Landscape Architects does not specify the soil depth for the respective planter boxes or roof top overhang garden and this needs to be clarified in accordance with Part J.1 Landscaping 1.10 Planting on Structures.

The landscaping information submitted does not adequately address the requirements outlined in Part J of the DCP, and is required to determine whether landscaping proposed is sustainable and well integrated within the design of the development.

# **Building Surveyor**

Council's Building Surveyor has reviewed the proposed development and raises no objections to the proposed development on a building perspective subject to the imposition of conditions should development consent be granted.

#### CONCLUSION

The matters in relation to Section 79C of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 have not been satisfied.

The application does not meet the Floor Space Ratio and Height controls as required in the Lane Cove Local Environmental Plan 2009 and is inconsistent with the objectives and requirements in the Lane Cove Development Control Plan for the subject site.

The redevelopment of the subject site for the purposes of a hotel is contrary to the block plans and envisioned future character of the St Leonards CBD Precinct. The proposal would result in a fragmented and inconsistent streetscape to Pacific Highway, which would also adversely impact the functionality of pedestrian movement and activation desired for the precinct.

On balance, the proposed development is recommended for refusal.

# **RECOMMENDATION**

THAT pursuant to Section 80(1)(b) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979, as amended, the Council refuses development consent to Development Application DA158/2016 for the demolition of existing commercial premises and the construction of a fourteen (14) level hotel comprising of 194 rooms with basement car parking on Lots 1 & 2 in DP200301, known as 548-552 Pacific Highway, St Leonards; for the following reasons:

# Height of Buildings

1. The proposed development does not comply with Clause 4.3 – Height of Buildings of Lane Cove Local Environmental Plan 2009.

#### **Particulars**

- (a) The maximum building height permitted for development on the site is 45m, in accordance with Clause 4.3(2) of LCLEP 2009.
- (b) The proposed development has a building height of 48.84m and exceeds the maximum building height permitted on the land, as shown on the Height of Buildings Map of LCLEP 2009.

- (c) The proposed development does not meet objective (1)(a) of Clause 4.3 Height of Buildings as the variation to the building height further exacerbates the segregated interface of the proposal with Pacific Highway and increases the appearance of visual bulk when viewed from the street and neighbouring properties.
- (d) Shadow diagrams of a building with a compliant building height have not been provided to determine the extent of shadow impact resulting from the proposed development to meet objective (1)(a) of Clause 4.3 Height of Buildings.
- (e) The proposed development does not meet the objective (1)(c) of Clause 4.3 Height of Buildings as the variation sought to the building height development standard is not a result of the proposal's design response to the topography of the land.
- (f) The applicant has submitted a written request for the exception to the maximum building height development standard in accordance with Clause 4.6 of LCLEP 2009.
- (g) The variation to the building height development standard is not supported as the proposed development does not meet the objectives of Clause 4.3 Height of Buildings and would not result in a better planning outcome.
- (h) The application fails to demonstrate that strict compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary, and should be varied.

## Floor Space Ratio

2. The proposed development does not comply with Clause 4.4 – Floor Space Ratio of Lane Cove Local Environmental Plan 2009.

#### **Particulars**

- (a) The maximum permitted FSR for development on the site is 10.1:1 in accordance with Clause 4.4(2) of the Lane Cove LEP 2009.
- (b) The FSR of proposed development is 10.21:1 which exceeds the maximum floor space ratio (FSR) for a building on the land shown on the FSR Map of LCLEP 2009.
- (c) The bulk and scale of the proposed development is not compatible with the character of the locality.

#### Exceptions to development standards

3. The applicant has not lodged a written request in accordance with Clause 4.6(3) of Lane Cove LEP 2009 for the exception to the FSR standard.

#### Particulars:

- (a) Development consent cannot be granted to the proposed development unless the applicant provides written request in accordance with Clause 4.6(3) of LCLEP 2009 that seeks to justify the contravention to the FSR development standard.
- (b) The exception to the FSR development standard would not achieve any better outcomes in these particular circumstances.

(c) There are insufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravention the development standard.

#### Contamination

4. Insufficient information has been submitted to be satisfied that the land is suitable for the proposed development in accordance with Clause 7 of State Environmental Planning Policy 55 – Remediation of Land.

# Particulars:

(a) A Phase 2 Detailed Site Investigation and Remediation Action Plan have not been submitted to determine whether the proposed development is suitable for the subject site in accordance with the provisions of SEPP55 and would be required if the Panel approved the proposal.

#### Isolation

5. The proposed development would result in the isolation of the adjoining property at 546 Pacific Highway, St Leonards.

## Particulars:

- (a) The proposal is inconsistent with the Christie block plans, which envisions amalgamated development with the isolated property at 546 Pacific Highway and properties to the west and south of the site.
- (b) The proposed development is inconsistent with the objectives and requirements of Section B.3. Site Amalgamation and Development on Isolated Site in Part B of Lane Cove Development Control Plan (LCDCP).
- (c) Insufficient information has been submitted to address the requirements of Section B.3. Site Amalgamation and Development on Isolated Site in Part B of LCDCP.
- (d) Approval and construction of the proposed development would result in the isolation of the adjoining property at 546 Pacific Highway, and does not achieve the desired urban design outcomes and efficient use of land outlined for the St Leonards precinct.
- (e) No written evidence of an offer to the owners of 546 Pacific Highway, and decline from the owners has been submitted. As such, there is no evidence to demonstrate that a reasonable attempt has been made by the applicant to purchase and amalgamate the site (546 Pacific Highway) for redevelopment.
- (f) Any offer made to the owners of 546 Pacific Highway requires 2 written evaluations that represent the property's potential value. The evaluations are to be undertaken by 2 independent valuers registered with the Australian Institute of Valuers. The offer made to the owners of 546 Pacific Highway is to reflect and correspond with values devised from the 2 evaluations prepared at the time the offer was made, in order to be considered a reasonable an genuine officer. This information has not been submitted.
- (g) The Applicant has not satisfactorily demonstrated that an orderly and economic use and development of the land at 546 Pacific Highway can be achieved.

## Desired Future Character of St Leonards

6. The proposal is contrary to the objectives and provisions for development within the St Leonards precinct.

# Particulars:

- (a) The subject site is located within the B2 Christie Precinct of St Leonards Key Precincts. The redevelopment of only the subject two sites within the Christie block plan is inconsistent with the intended planning outcome for the Christie Precinct as outlined in the Part D Commercial Development and Mixed Use Localities of the DCP.
- (b) The proposed development does not meet the following objectives of Block 2: Christie Precinct:
  - To provide a major high quality public plaza or town square to the west of podium A. This public open space is to include the upgrade of the existing pedestrian link to the station. Ideally the link should be provided as part of a 1-2 storey kiosk building development adjacent to the rail line.
  - 4 To provide a new laneway connector to provide an improved vehicular and pedestrian connection to the rail underpass.
  - 5 To provide safety and amenity.

#### Vehicular Access

7. Vehicular access to the proposed development via Christie Lane is not supported.

## Particulars:

- (a) In accordance with the Christie block plans and provisions, Christie Lane is to be closed off to vehicles and relocation of the existing lane would be moved to the south to align with Nicholson Street to improve vehicular circulation within the precinct.
- (b) In order to facilitate pedestrian access to the future St Leonards Plaza, Christie Lane would only be open to pedestrians.
- (c) The proposed use of Christie Lane as a shared zone for both vehicles and pedestrians is contrary to the DCP provisions for the precinct and not supported.

#### Car Parking

8. Insufficient on-site parking is provided for the proposed development.

# Particulars:

(a) The proposal is deficient 21 customer/visitor spaces and 10 staff parking spaces, motorbike and bicycle spaces in accordance with Car parking rates for St Leonards in Part R – Traffic, Transport & Parking - Table 2 Car parking rates near St Leonards Railway Station.

#### Stormwater

9. The proposed development does not comply with provisions of Part O – Stormwater Management of the DCP.

# Particulars:

(a) The submitted stormwater concept plan does make provision for an adequate on-site detention system, stormwater discharge directly into Council's drainage network downstream or gross pollutant trap; in accordance with Part O of the DCP.

# **Draft Planning Agreement**

10. The proposed development is contrary to an exhibited draft Planning Agreement made pursuant to Section 93F of the EP&A Act.

## Particulars:

(a) Pursuant to Section 79C(1)(a)(iiia) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, development consent should not be granted as the proposed development is inconsistent with the provisions of the Draft Voluntary Planning Agreement, which identifies amalgamated redevelopment of sites within the precinct, and includes the embellishment of Christie Lane for pedestrian purposes only, while relocating vehicular access south with alternative entry points along Christie Street.

# Likely impacts on development

11. The impact upon the natural and built environment is unacceptable.

#### Particulars:

(a) Pursuant to Section 79C(1)(b) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, the proposed development is considered to pose adverse impacts on existing and future uses/development within the immediate and surrounding area.

#### Suitability of the site for the development

12. The site is not suitable for the proposed development.

#### Particulars:

(a) Pursuant to Section 79C(1)(c) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, the proposed development is not considered suitable for the proposed development having regard to the above matters.

#### Public Interest

Approval of the proposed development should not be in the public interest.

#### Particulars:

(a) Pursuant to Section 79C(1)(d) and (e) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, the proposed development should not be approved having regard to concerns raised in submissions received by Council and the above matters.

Michael Mason
Executive Manager
Environmental Services Division

# **ATTACHMENTS:**

There are no supporting documents for this report.